





Eco-efficient metal production methods from mining waste : a European Challenge

Promine Project: Biohydrometallurgy as a case study

Dr. Patrick d'Hugues



The processing and exploitation, for economic and environmental purposes, of the industrial and mining waste deposits from the European Union

European Economic and Social Committee (EESC) Consultative Commission on Industrial Change (CCMI)





General context of PROMINE Project





EU heavily dependent on mineral and metal imports Annual trade deficit of €10 billion on metals ; 100% dependency on Co

In Europe, potential of primary and secondary resources (wastes) in base, precious and "high tech" metals <u>but</u> generally more complex (lower grades and / or smaller tonnages, polymetallic)

EC Policy: from the Raw Material Initiative

- Important to reducing the dependency for metals
- Needs on recycling and re-use and helping companies to discover how their waste and by-products can serve as resources
- Need of R&D in "sustainable mining" to minimise the environmental footprint and adverse social effects





PROMINE Project, In brief





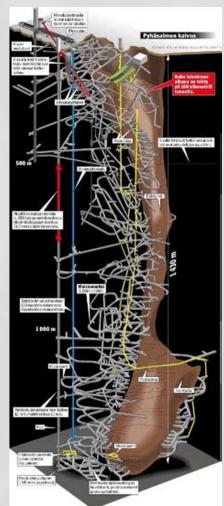
Total budget: 17 M€ 27 partners (11 EU countries) Coordinated by the Geological Survey of Finland

http://promine.gtk.fi/



Objectives:

- To ensure that all potential mineral resources within EU are fully documented in a Geological Information System
- To develop 5 high value mineral-based products based on raw materials delivered by the extractive industry.
- To develop better exploitation eco-efficient mineral processing and metal recovery methods, including biohydrometallurgy
- To promote more environmentally responsible management in mining
 - 1. Geological mineral resource modelling across Europe
- 2. New nano-products from mineral exploitation & Eco-efficient metal production methods (on secondary materials)
 - 3. Assessment of sustainability & Env. Impact (LCA Approach)





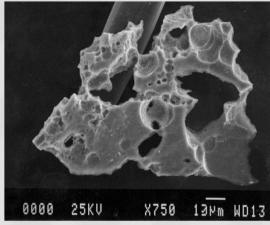


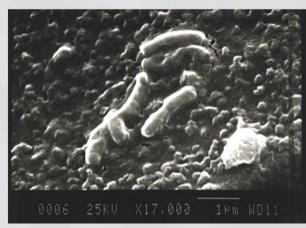
What's Bioleaching?



















Bioleaching is a reasonable alternative or complementary technique to classical techniques (Pyrometallurgy) - some niches exists (metal grade, contaminants, location, ...)





Bio-Process development in ProMinE































- Technico-economic evaluation Capex/Opex (Metal in € / kg)
- Integration of social and environmental impacts (LCA Approach + Costing of Impacts ?)





Resources assessment in PROMINE







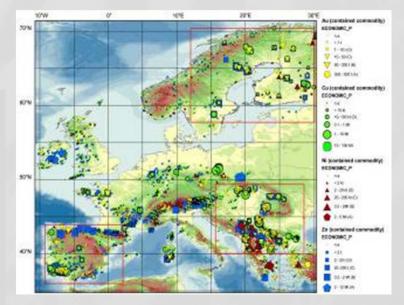
Today, Knowledge on Mining waste is essentially focused on the potential Hazards and environmental impacts

Implementation of the Mine Waste Directive (Directive 2006/21/EC), as defined by Article 20: "Inventory of closed waste facilities including abandoned waste facilities which cause seriuous negative environemental impacts or have the potential of becoming a serious threat to human health

PROMINE: Preparation of an Anthropogenic concentrations Data Base for inventoring secondary valuable mining and metallurgical residues

(volume and potential remaining metals)

Mining Waste = Resources ?



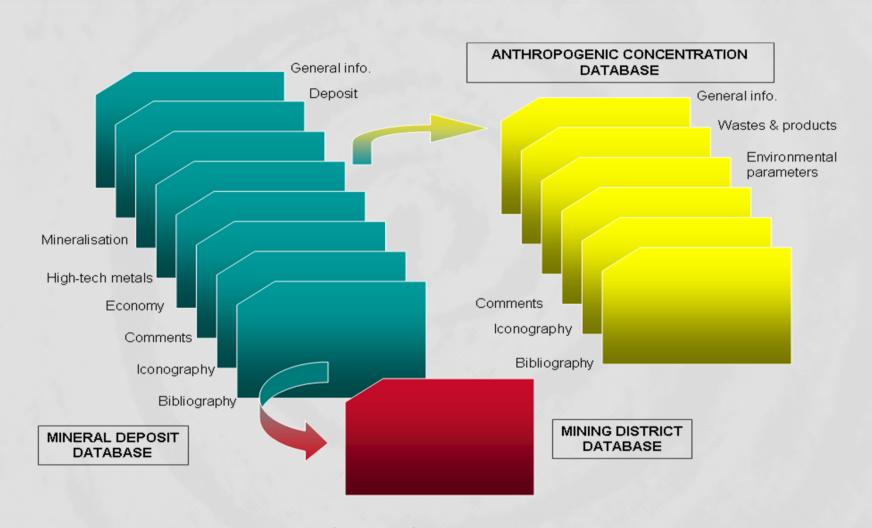




Resources assessment in PROMINE







PROMINE database are INSPIRE (ISO,OGC) compliant For interoperability





Kasese Operation - The ideal case of reprocessing mining wates













